the conservative exposure assumptions described and based on the completeness and reliability of the toxicity data, the aggregate exposure to carfentrazone-ethyl will utilize 0.61 percent of the RfD for the US population. EPA generally has no concern for exposures below 100 percent of the RfD. Therefore, based on the completeness and reliability of the toxicity data and the conservative exposure assessment, FMC believes that there is a reasonable certainty that no harm will result from aggregate exposure to residues of carfentrazoneethyl, including all anticipated dietary exposure and all other non-occupational exposures.

## D. Determination of Safety for Infants and Children

In assessing the potential for additional sensitivity of infants and children to residues of carfentrazoneethyl, EPA considers data from developmental toxicity studies in the rat and rabbit and the 2-generation reproduction study in the rat. The developmental toxicity studies are designed to evaluate adverse effects on the developing organism resulting from pesticide exposure during prenatal development. Reproduction studies provide information relating to effects on the reproductive capacity of males and females exposed to the pesticide. Developmental toxicity was not observed in developmental toxicity studies using rats and rabbits. In these studies, the rat and rabbit maternal NOELs were 100 mg/kg/day and 150 mg/kg/day, respectively. The developmental NOEL for the rabbit was greater than 300 mg/kg/day which was the highest dose tested and for the rat was 600 mg/kg/day based on increased litter incidences of thickened and wavy ribs. These two findings are not considered adverse effects of treatment but related delays in rib development which are generally believed to be reversible. In a 2-generation reproduction study in rats, no reproductive toxicity was observed under the conditions of the study at 4,000 ppm which was the highest dose tested. FFDCA section 408 provides that EPA may apply an additional safety factor for infants and children in the case of threshold effects to account for pre-and post-natal toxicity and the completeness of the database. Based on the current toxicological data requirements, the database relative to pre- and post-natal effects for children is complete and an additional uncertainty factor is not warranted. Therefore, the RfD of 0.03 mg/kg/day is appropriate for assessing aggregate risk

to infants and children. Using the conservative exposure assumptions described above, the percent of the RfD that will be utilized by aggregate exposure to residues of carfentrazoneethyl for non-nursing infants (<1 year old) would be 0.38 percent and for children 1-6 years of age would be 1.56 percent (the most highly exposed group). Based on the completeness and reliability of the toxicity data and the conservative exposure assessment, FMC believes that there is a reasonable certainty that no harm will result to infants and children from aggregate exposure to the residues of carfentrazone-ethyl including all anticipated dietary exposure.

## E. Estrogenic Effects

No specific tests have been conducted with carfentrazone-ethyl to determine whether the pesticide may have an effect in humans that is similar to an effect produced by a naturally occurring estrogen.

[FR Doc. 97–12911 Filed 5–15–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–F

# FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

Fire Administration; Open Meeting: Federal Interagency Committee on Emergency Medical Services (FICEMS)

**AGENCY:** Federal Emergency Management Agency. **ACTION:** Notice of meeting.

Name: Federal Interagency Committee on Emergency Medical Services (FICEMS).

Dates of Meeting: June 5, 1997. Place: Federal Emergency Management Agency, U.S. Fire Administration, 16825 South Seton Avenue, Building N, Room 309, Emmitsburg, Maryland 21727.

Time: 10:00 a.m.-12:00 Noon.

Proposed Agenda: Review of March 6,
1997 meeting minutes. Discussion of
Senate Bill 238 and a proposal from the
previous meeting to establish a
"Technology Sub-Committee". Reports
from member agency representatives
and a review and discussion of the
current "FICEMS Instruction".

Status: Open to Federal member agencies (voting) and other interested parties (non-voting).

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Terry G. Glunt, FICEMS Secretariat, U.S. Fire Administration, 16825 South Seton Avenue, N–315E, Emmitsburg, Maryland 21727; telephone (301) 447–1402.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: FICEMS is a Federal interagency committee that meets quarterly to establish effective communication between Federal departments and agencies involved in activities related to emergency medical services. Further, to strengthen the coordination of Federal policies and programs; promote harmony and avoid duplication of efforts; and promote uniformity of standards and policies consistent with existing Federal laws and regulations regarding emergency medical services.

The FICEMS committee consists of a representative from the following Federal departments:

Federal Emergency Management Agency Department of Agriculture Federal Communications Commission Department of Defense General Services Administration Department of Health and Human Services

Department of Interior Department of Transportation Department of Veterans Affairs Other Federal departments as approved by the committee

Dated: May 7, 1997. **Donald G. Bathurst,** 

Deputy U.S. Fire Administrator.

[FR Doc. 97–12897 Filed 5–15–97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6718-08-M

### FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

#### Notice of Agreement(s) Filed

The Commission hereby gives notice of the filing of the following agreement(s) under the Shipping Act of 1984.

Interested parties can review or obtain copies of agreements at the Washington, DC offices of the Commission, 800 North Capitol Street, N.W., Room 962. Interested parties may submit comments on an agreement to the Secretary, Federal Maritime Commission, Washington, DC 20573, within 10 days of the date this notice appears in the **Federal Register.** 

Agreement No. 203–011305–004 Title: Tricontinental Service Agreement.

Parties:

Cho Yang Shipping Co., Ltd. DSR-Senator Lines.

Synopsis: The proposed amendment provides that the parties consent to any chartering activities which may be affected pursuant to the Hanjin/DSR-Senator Cooperative Management Agreement (FMC Agreement No. 203–011570). The parties have requested a shortened review period.